# NATIONAL CONSUMER DISPUTES REDRESSAL COMMISSION NEW DELHI

# **REVISION PETITION NO. 1543 OF 2022**

(Against the Order dated 20/07/2022 in Appeal No. 235/2019 of the State Commission Maharashtra)

1. COL RETD. VIJANDER BHANDARI FLAT NO-4, FIRST FLOOR,ABHAY CHS,PLOT NO 40,SECTOR 29, VASHI,NAVI MUMBAI MUMBAI MAHARASHTRA

.....Petitioner(s)

Versus

1. REGIONAL DIRECTOR,EX-SRVICEMAN CONTRIBUTORY HEALTH REGIONAL CENTER,RCHS,C/O FLEET MAIL OFFICE,MUMBAI MUMBAI MAHARASHTRA

.....Respondent(s)

# **BEFORE:**

# HON'BLE DR. INDER JIT SINGH, PRESIDING MEMBER

FOR THE PETITIONER: MS. MANISHA BHOSALE, ADVOCATE FOR THE RESPONDENT: MR. VIJAY JOSHI AND MR. SHUBHAM

CHATURVEDI, ADVOCATES

### **Dated: 01 November 2023**

#### **ORDER**

- 1. The present Revision Petition (RP) has been filed by the Petitioner against Respondent as detailed above, under section 21 (b) of Consumer Protection Act 1986, against the order dated 20.07.2022 of the State Consumer Disputes Redressal Commission Maharashtra (hereinafter referred to as the 'State Commission'), in First Appeal (FA) No. A/19/235 in which order dated 11.09.018 of South Mumbai District Consumer Disputes Redressal Forum (hereinafter referred to as District Forum ) in Consumer Complaint (CC) No. 197 of 2017 was challenged, inter alia praying for setting aside the Order dated 20.07.2022 of the State Commission and uphold the order of the District Forum dated 11.09.2018.
- 2. While the Revision Petitioner (hereinafter also referred to as Complainant) was Respondent and the Respondents (hereinafter also referred to as OPs) were Appellants in the said FA No. A/19/235 before the State Commission, the Revision Petitioner was Complainant and Respondents were OPs before the District Forum in the CC no. 197 of 2017.

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3. Notice was issued to the Respondents on 02.12.2022. Parties filed Written Arguments/Synopsis on 31.07.2023 and 22.08.2023 respectively.

- Brief facts of the case, as emerged from the RP, Order of the State Commission, Order 4. of the District Forum and other case records are that Complainant is member of OP(s) since October, 2004. On 02.02.2016, the complainant suffered acute chest pain and was admitted in Sir H.N.Reliance Foundation Hospital at Girgaon, Mumbai. On 03.02.2016, he had open heart surgery under the treatment and supervision of Dr. Sudhansu Bhattacharyya. He was discharged on 14.02.2016. The hospital had issued final invoice dated 14.02.2006 for Rs.10,53,033 inclusive of Dr. Sudhansu Bhattacharyya's fees of Rs.6,00,000/-. The complainant had private medical insurance for sum of Rs.2.00 lakhs with ICICi Lombard Insurance Co. He received reimbursement of Rs.2 lakhs from ICICI Lombard Insurance Co. on 16.03.2016. The Complainant submitted remaining bill of Rs.8,53,033/- to OP No.1. On 16.04.2016, OP No.1 approved and reimbursed a sum of Rs.73,133/- to the complainant. The remaining amount of medical expenses was refused by the OPs. The complainant sent emails to Regional Director of OP No.2 on 01.09.2016 and 19.09.2016 but no action was taken. Complainant requested that on the basis of order passed by Hon'ble High Court of Mumbai in identical case, his claim be considered. Accordingly, complainant wrote letter to Lt Gen. Rakesh Sharma, to whom MD of OPs report but no positive response was received from the OPs. The Secretary, Ex-Servicemen Welfare Department instructed OP No.1 to take action on top priority but after multiple follow-ups and several emails, head Quarter, ECHS took up the matter and reviewed and approved further claim of complainant to the extent of Rs.1,75,506/- but OPs failed and neglected to reimburse the amount of surgeon fees to the extent of Rs.6.00 lacs. Being aggrieved of the said refusal, the Petitioner filed a Complaint before the District Forum.
- 5. Vide Order dated 11.09.2018 in CC no. 197 of 2017, the District Commission partly allowed the Complaint. Being aggrieved by the said order of the District Forum dated 11.09.2018, the Respondents appealed in State Commission and the State Commission vide order dated 20.07.2022 in Appeal No. 19 of 235, partly allowed the Appeal. Hence, the Petitioner herein is before this Commission in Revision Petition.
- 6. Petitioner has challenged the said Order dated 20.07.2022 of the State Commission mainly/inter alia on following grounds:
  - i. All the bills were produced by the Petitioner for reimbursement before the respondents which included surgeon fees of Rs.6 lacs and same is admitted by the respondents in their appeal before the State Commission.

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ii. The State Commission ought to have appreciated that respondents never refused any part of the claim of the Petitioner at any point of time.

- iii. The Hospital bill issued to the Petitioner was inclusive of the surgeon's fees. The State Commission ought to have appreciated that CABG package was opted for the Petitioner at the time of his admission in the said hospital which is usually offered to any heart patient and, therefore, CABG package cannot be inclusive of surgeon fees.
- iv. The State Commission ought to have appreciated that both the parties have specifically and categorically admitted that said surgery of the petitioner was performed by Dr. Sudhanshu Bhattacharya and said doctor fees was not included in the hospital bill.
- v. Respondents never denied either before filing the appeal in any of the documents or even in the pleadings of the entire appeal before the State Commission that Dr. Sudhanshu Bhattacharya did not operate the Petitioner and also about the fact that Petitioner has paid the entire surgeon fees of Rs.6.00 lacs.
- vi. State Commission erred in holding that petitioner is not entitled for the rates beyond the rate list of CGHS scheme. State Commission ought to have appreciated that respondent have complied with the directions issued in the year 2010 by High Court of Bombay in case of B.N. Makhija and Ors. Vs. Union of India.
- vii. State Commission erred in holding that the ratio laid down in the case of Shiva Kant Jha Vs. Union of India was confined to said case only and it cannot be used as a precedent to other cases and judgment in the said case was passed in personam and, therefore, the ratio cannot be made applicable to the facts of the present case. The State Commission ought to have appreciated that District Forum has rightly passed the judgment relying upon the said case.
- viii. State Commission ought to have appreciated that Govt. of India, Ministry of Health and Welfare have already implemented the rules and regulations confirmed by Apex Court in Shiva Kant Jha case and have issued instructions to CGHS and ECHS that if such cases are to be reimbursed for more than authorized amount, those cases shall be

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considered by the technical board and the reason for disallowing any part of such claim, if any, shall be indicated by the board.

- ix. State Commission observed that it cannot be said that receipt regarding surgeon's fees produced by the Petitioner is false and bogus.
- 7. Heard counsels of both sides. Contentions/pleas of the parties, on various issues raised in the RP, Written Arguments, and Oral Arguments advanced during the hearing, are summed up below.
- 7.1. Counsel for the Petitioner repeated the points which are stated in para 6, grounds for challenging the order of the State Commission, hence the same are not being repeated here.

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- 8. We have carefully gone through the orders of the State Commission, District Forum, other relevant records and rival contentions of the parties. The only dispute is with respect to the surgeon's fee of Rs.6.00 lacs, claim of which has been declined by the respondent. The State Commission stated that the bill issued by the hospital dated 14.02.2016 is amounting to Rs.4,83,033.11/-. The hospital has given a discount of Rs.29,000/-, so the net bill was Rs.4,53,033.11. The said bill was inclusive of surgeon's fee. It is not in dispute that the petitioner herein has chosen CABG package for his surgery. The details of the said package given by the hospital included doctor's fee of Rs.1,05,800/- In this regard, relevant para of the State Commission order is reproduced below:
  - "9. It is mentioned in the said letter that Hospital purchases all consumable/medicine/implants in bulk, hence individual invoice or breakup of diagnostics, pharmacy material and stent/implantis not possible, however, the charges of the same were mentioned in the hospital final bill. It is observed that total package was of Rs.2,04,300/-, wherein doctor's fees, surgeon's and anesthetist's fees were included. which is shown as Rs.1,05,800/-, Hospital and facility charges were Rs.96,000/-. It appears that the respondent had selected CABG Package worth Rs.2,04,300/- The hospital charged him total amount of Rs.4,53,033.11. Out of the said amount, Rs.2 lakhs were reimbursed by the Insurance Company and remaining amount was reimbursed by the appellant. So dispute was in respect of

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the payment of surgeon fees of Rs.6 lakhs. It is admitted fact that the appellant was member of ECHS, which is covered under CGHS Scheme. According to CGHS Scheme, rate list was published on 09/07/2002. Said list being updated from time to time. In the said rate list, limit for coronary bypass surgery was given as Rs.1,48,500/-. According to the appellant, the respondent is not entitled for the charges beyond the rate list mentioned in CGHS scheme. Respondent herein was member of CGHS and is covered by CGHS scheme, wherein rate list is given. He is not entitled for the rates beyond the rate list of CGHS scheme."

- 9. The State Commission has duly considered the case law of **Shiva Kant Jha (supra)** and observed that Hon'ble Supreme Court has specifically mentioned that decision in the said case was confined to the said case only, so, it cannot be used as precedent to other case. Judgment in the said case was passed in personam. Therefore, the said ratio cannot be made applicable to the facts of the present case. In this regard, following paras of the State Commission are also reproduced below:
  - "11. We must mention here that the respondent came with a story that hospital had issued him bill of Rs. 10,53,033/-. But in fact, said bill is not produced on record. The bills produced on record shows that the respondent was asked to pay bill of Rs. 4,53,033/-. Respondent has submitted separate receipt of surgeon's fees to the tune of Rs.6 lakhs. No doubt, respondent has paid the said amount to Dr.Bhattacharyya. Therefore, it cannot be said that the receipt regarding surgeon's fees produced by respondent is false and bogus. But at the same time, it must be noted that in hospital bill, doctor's fees of Rs.2,04,300/- is inclusive of surgeon and anesthetist fee. So the hospital has charged the respondent for surgeon's fees and over and above, respondent paid Rs.6 lakhs to Dr.Bhattacharyya but said amount of Rs.6 lakhs is not shown in the hospital bill issued on 14/02/2016. Therefore, it can be said that the hospital has issued bill as per CABG package. The amount of said bill was Rs.4,53,033/- and the said amount is reimbursed to the respondent as per rules and IES E guidelines given by the Hon'ble High Court of India in the matter of **B.N.Makheja & Ors. vs.** Union of India.
  - 12. The amount of surgeon fees was not included in the hospital bill. Surgeon has issued separate receipt for Rs.6 lakhs to the respondent, which was over and above the package opted by the appellant. In view of the CGHS rules, respondent is not entitled for the said amount. District Commission has completely relied on the ratio relied in the case of **Shiva Kant Jha v/s. Union of India** and allowed the claim of respondent regarding the surgeon's fees of Rs.6 lakhs. But the ratio laid down in the case of **Shiva Kant Jha vs. Union of India** was restricted to the facts of said case. District Commission ought not to have relied upon the same to grant the surgeon's fees to the respondent. Therefore, finding of the District Commission regarding the surgeon's fees is not proper and correct. The said finding is required to be set aside. District Commission

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has rightly directed opponents to pay interest @ 6% p.a. on delayed payment of Rs.1,75,506/- from 16/04/2016 till 20/02/2018. District Commission has also granted costs and compensation. The said findings are proper and correct. Therefore, appeal is required to be allowed partly. Hence, we pass the following order:-"

- 10. In view of the foregoing, we are of the view that State Commission has given a well reasoned order. As was held by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **Rubi Chandra Dutta Vs. United India Insurance Co. Ltd.** [(2011) 11 SCC 269] that the scope in a Revision Petition is limited. Such powers can be exercised only if there is some prima facie jurisdictional error appearing in the impugned order. In **Sunil Kumar Maity Vs. State Bank of India & Ors.**[AIR (2022) SC 577] held that "the revisional jurisdiction of the National Commission under Section 21(b) of the said Act is extremely limited. It should be exercised only in case as contemplated within the parameters specified in the said provision, namely when it appears to the National Commission that the State Commission had exercised a jurisdiction not vested in it by law, or had failed to exercise jurisdiction so vested, or had acted in the exercise of its jurisdiction illegally or with material irregularity." We find no illegality or material irregularity or jurisdictional error in the order of the State Commission, hence the same is upheld. Accordingly, Revision Petition is dismissed
- 11. The pending IAs in the case, if any, also stand disposed off.

DR. INDER JIT SINGH PRESIDING MEMBER

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